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**Shifting Device for Transmitting Shift Commands to a Motor Vehicle Transmission**

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**Specification**

The present invention pertains to a shifting device for transmitting shift commands to a motor vehicle transmission.

Shifting devices for transmitting shift commands to a motor vehicle transmission, with a hand knob, which contains a switch, are generally known.

If a switch is integrated in the hand knob, a problem arises in the mounting of the hand knob on the selector lever of the shifting device. A shifting cap - also called a shifting gate - and the hand knob are usually assembled on the assembly line at the motor vehicle manufacturer. If a switch is already integrated in the hand knob, then an electrical connection must be reliably made at the selector lever and be inserted into the hand knob with a plug. Special measures are needed to protect this plug-in connection during the transport of the shifting device to the motor vehicle manufacturer. There is a risk, furthermore, that failures must be taken into account due to defective mounting of the plug-in connection with the hand knob.

An improvement has already been made in the hand knob to solve the problem of the "mounting of the hand knob." In this improved embodiment, the switch is already preassembled at the selector lever as a separate component with most of the electrical switch connections. The hand knob only contains the actuating mechanism and the part of the switch exposed to view and is assembled at the motor vehicle manufacturer. Since the switch is exposed at the selector lever, special safety measures and thus cost outlays are always still necessary during transport. Moreover, the switch may be damaged due to improper assembly of the hand knob on the belt; consequently, assembly errors and certain numbers of rejects must also still be taken into account here. This improved hand knob with switch thus still does not represent a satisfactory solution to the "hand knob assembly problem."

Therefore, the object of the present invention is to design a shifting device with hand knob and switch, such that a simple and reliable hand knob assembly can be performed at the motor vehicle manufacturer after installation of the shifting device, without switch connections having to be inserted. Moreover, expensive and complicated safety precautions for the switch and its feed lines should not be necessary on the transport path from the manufacturer of the shifting device to the motor vehicle manufacturer.

The object of the present invention is accomplished by a shifting device with the features of claim 1. Advantageous variants of the present invention are the subject of the subordinate patent claims.

Accordingly, it is suggested to improve a shifting device for transmitting shift commands to a motor vehicle transmission, with a housing and/or a frame, a selector lever that transmits shift commands to the transmission, a hand knob that forms a gripping surface for the hand of the motor vehicle driver, and a switch, whereby the shifting device is provided for installation in a motor vehicle and a shifting gate is pushed over the selector lever preferably after installation of the shifting device in a motor vehicle, to the effect that an adapter is provided for the hand knob with integrated switch, which can be mounted at the selector lever and forms a connection point between selector lever and hand knob.

Consequently, it is achieved that a shifting device is now available, in which, [sic, word(s) missing - sentence incomplete - Tr.] the switch, whose electrical and/or optical feed lines are laid and fastened orderly at the selector lever by the manufacturer of the shifting device. If such a shifting device, which is provided for installation in a motor vehicle, is transported to the manufacturer of the motor vehicle, complicated safety measures for the switch and feed lines are no longer necessary for this now. Moreover, the work time for mounting such safety devices is saved at the manufacturer of the shifting device. Consequently, material and labor costs can thus be saved.

However, advantages also arise for the motor vehicle manufacturer, who installs this novel shifting device in his vehicles. In the previously used shifting devices, a shifting gate is used as molding in the vehicle usually after the installation of the shifting device in the motor vehicle. Since the hand knob has a larger diameter than the selector lever opening at the shifting gate, the hand knob can be mounted only after the installation of the shifting gate. Before the hand knob is pushed onto the selector lever, the electrical and/or optical connections to the hand knob must be made.

The shifting gate can be pushed over the selector lever with mounted adapter by means of this novel shifting device. Thus, switch connections to the hand knob do not have to be inserted at the vehicle manufacturer. Consequently, assembly errors can be largely prevented.

The novel adapter makes it possible to use various switches. It is thus possible to use the up to now usual electric switches, which switch electrical signals.. Since the adapter is designed in such a way that the actuating mechanism of the switch is integrated and is thus protected in the housing of the adapter, an inadvertent destruction of the switch on the transport path or in an assembly step is avoided.

Another possibility is to also integrate optical switches in the adapter. Thus, the adapter may have a switch that transmits an optical signal to the shifting device. The optical transmitting path might be mounted in the selector lever of the shifting device, whereby the selector lever is bored hollow on the inside. Interfering electrical lines, which can be destroyed, above all, during the installation of the shifting device, can be avoided by means of this elegant guiding of the signal path in connection with the transmission of optical signals.

It is favorable if the adapter has a switch interface for a connection cable. By means of this switch interface, connections even for multiwire cables are created, which are used for transmitting shift commands. If electrical feed lines are used, then the switch interface can be embodied by means of a simple plug connection.

In the mounting of the hand knob, there is a risk of damaging electrical or optical lines, such as, for example, optical waveguides. It is favorable to lay such lines at the adapter in a protected manner. For this reason, the adapter may have at least one recess, in which these lines can be laid.

That part of the switch, with which the driver has visual contact and which he touches for actuating the switch, is designated as the switch display part or switch actuating button. The switch actuating mechanism is also usually present in this part. Various variants are offered in the novel shifting device for the mounting of a switch display part.

In a first variant, the switch display part is mounted in the adapter. In this variant, the hand knob, which can be pushed onto the adapter, has an opening at this point for accommodation of the switch display part. The advantage in this mounting is that the hand knob, which only represents an optical accessory in the vehicle, can be performed in a very cost-favorable manner.

However, it may also be favorable to mount the switch display part in the hand knob. If the switch display part is defective, then the hand knob is simply removed from the adapter and replaced with a new one.

Furthermore, it is advantageous if the adapter of the novel shifting device has at least one guide element for positioning the hand knob. Thus, it is consequently guaranteed that the hand knob is fastened to the selector lever. Moreover, a rotation of the hand knob about the selector lever is prevented by means of the guide element.

It is advantageous if the adapter has a boring, into which the selector lever can be at least partially inserted. An as large-area as possible contact with the housing of the adapter can be produced via the walls of the boring; consequently, a rotation or a slipping of the adapter on the selector lever is effectively prevented.

In order to reliably prevent a rotation of or unintentional slipping off of the adapter from the selector lever, it is especially favorable if the adapter has a screwable connection for fastening the adapter to the selector lever.

Instead of the screwable connection, a clippable connection for fastening to the selector lever is also conceivable. An even faster mounting of the adapter on the selector lever is possible by means of such a clippable or snappable connection.

Another connection possibility can be seen in mounting the adapter at the selector lever as a plastic molding in the injection molding process. Consequently, an especially favorable manner of connection is created, which, moreover, makes possible high production numbers.

Other features and advantages of the present invention appear from the subclaims and the following description of preferred exemplary embodiments with reference to the drawings.

Specifically, in the drawings:

- Figure 1 shows a lateral view of an adapter without the switch display part, which is fastened to a selector lever of a shifting device;
- Figure 2 shows the adapter from Figure 1 with the switch display part;
- Figure 3 shows a preassembled unit with an adapter on the selector lever;
- Figure 4 shows the shifting device with mounted adapter and hand knob.

Figure 1 shows a lateral view of an adapter 7 without switch display part, which is fastened to a selector lever 4 of a shifting device. In this embodiment, this adapter 7 consists of a cylindrical housing 8, which has a guide element 9 for the specific accommodation of a hand knob each on the right and left sides. These guide elements 9, which are embodied here as elongated "guide lugs," are used for positioning the hand knob correctly and for preventing a rotation of the hand knob.

Furthermore, in the upper part of the housing 8, the adapter 7 has a switch 5a, which is used for the functional transmitting of shift commands. Furthermore, an interface 10 for the electrical lines 6 is incorporated in the housing 8 of the adapter 7. The electrical lines 6 are laid in a recess 8a of the housing 8 of the adapter 7 in a protected manner. Consequently, the hand knob can later be pushed over the adapter 7 without being disturbed by the electrical lines 6. Moreover, by means of this laying of the electrical lines 6, the electrical lines 6 are prevented from being destroyed or contacts are prevented from being disconnected during the pushing on of the hand knob.

Figure 2 shows the adapter of Figure 1, but with a switch display part 5. This switch display part 5 is fastened at the switch 5a and serves the driver as a manual knob.

Figure 3 shows a preassembled unit 12 of a shifting device with an adapter 7 on the selector lever 4. The hand knob 3, which is a separate component of the shifting device, is shown in the upper third of Figure 3.

A preassembled unit 12 is defined as the already assembled components of a shifting device, as they are delivered by the manufacturer of the shifting device for further installation in a motor vehicle. This preassembled unit 12 consists of a housing 2, in which the shifting gestures are accommodated for selecting the transmission positions. A selector lever 4 and the electrical lines 6 spring from this housing 2. An adapter 7 that accommodates the electrical lines 6 at the interface 10 is preassembled on the selector lever 4. The adapter 7 consists of a cylindrical housing 8 that has a switch element exposed to view 5 in the upper part. Furthermore, a [sic, "einer" should be "eine" - Tr.] recess 8a, in which the electrical lines are laid, is incorporated, like a type of groove, in the housing 8 of the adapter 7.

Such a preassembled unit 12 can then be installed in a vehicle at a motor vehicle manufacturer. The motor vehicle manufacturer in this case does not have to mount any electrical connections or plug-in connections between the selector lever 4 and the hand knob 3. A shifting gate, which covers the housing 2 of the shifting device and has openings for the performed selector lever 4, is usually pushed over the selector lever 4 with the adapter 7 (shifting gate is not shown in Figure 3) via such a

preassembled unit 12 at the motor vehicle manufacturer. In order to make it possible to push the shifting gate over the adapter 7, this has an only slightly larger diameter than the selector lever 4.

After the preassembled unit 12 together with shifting gate was installed in the vehicle, the last step of the assembly can be completed for completing the shifting device, the shifting of the hand knob 3 onto the adapter 7 in the direction of the arrow 11 shown in Figure 3. So that the hand knob 3, rotated by mistake, cannot be pushed onto the adapter 7, guide elements 9, which can have different shapes, are present at the adapter 7, which simultaneously prevent a rotation of the hand knob 3 on the adapter 7.

Figure 4 shows a perspective lateral view of the novel shifting device 1 with hand knob 3 already mounted on the adapter (the adapter is not visible in Figure 4). Only the switch display part 5 located in the upper part of the housing can be seen through an opening 3a of the hand knob 3. This shifting device 1 consists of a housing 2, in which the shifting gestures are accommodated for selecting the transmission positions, and moreover, a selector lever 4 is mounted at this housing 2. An electrical line 6, which is now stowed within the hand knob 3, is laid at the selector lever 4.

Thus, all in all, the present invention provides a shifting device for transmitting shift commands to a motor vehicle transmission with a switch in the hand knob, which offers several advantages over the prior-art shifting devices. The novel shifting device makes possible a transport as a preassembled unit from the manufacturer of the shifting device to the manufacturer of the motor vehicles without any complicated safety measures. This is made possible by the adapter, which accommodates the electrical lines for the switch and the switch [sic - repeated word? - Tr.] itself at the selector lever of the shifting device in an orderly and protected manner. However, there are also advantages for the motor vehicle manufacturer, who installs the novel shifting device in vehicles. Thus, the electrical feed lines and the switches in the hand knob no longer have to be connected at the motor vehicle manufacturer. Rather, the adapter makes it possible to install the shifting device, then to push a shifting gate over the selector lever together with adapter and, as a last step, to plug the hand knob onto the adapter.

## **LIST OF REFERENCE NUMBERS:**

- 1 Shifting device
- 2 Housing of the shifting device
- 3 Hand knob
- 3a Opening in the hand knob for the switch display part
- 4 Selector lever
- 5 switch display part
- 5a Switch
- 6 Electrical line
- 7 Adapter
- 8 Housing of the adapter
- 8a Recess in the housing of the adapter
- 9 Guide element for hand knob
- 10 Interface for electrical lines
- 11 Direction of the pushing of the hand knob onto the adapter
- 12 Preassembled unit of a shifting device